- 1. (Currently amended) A therapeutic agent for treating diseases associated with an increase in radiation resistance or drug resistance of a cell, said agent comprising an isolated sequence comprising 5'-TCCATGGTGCTCACT-3' (SEQ ID NO:3) wherein said agent reduces radiation resistance or drug resistance of said cell.
- 2. (Original) The therapeutic agent of claim 1 wherein said agent reduces drug resistance of said cell and further wherein said drug resistance is a resistance to a chemotherapeutic agent.
- 3. (Currently amended) A method for reducing radiation or drug resistance of a <u>human</u> cell which does not overexpress *HER-2*, said method comprising introducing into said cell an antisense nucleic acid comprising a segment complementary to *HER-2* in an amount effective to reduce said radiation or drug resistance.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein said cell is a carcinoma cell selected from the group consisting of breast, bladder, prostate, head, neck, lung, colon, pancreas, cervical, ovarian, melanoma and stomach carcinoma cells.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein said antisense nucleic acid is introduced by association with a targeted liposome.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein said antisense nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO:3.



- 7. (Original) A method for treating a person with a disease wherein said person is resistant to radiation or drug treatment of said disease, wherein resistance to said radiation or drug treatment is not a result of overexpression of HER-2, said method comprising administering to said person an antisense nucleic acid comprising a segment complementary to HER-2 in an amount effective to decrease said resistance to radiation or drug treatment.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein said resistance to radiation or drug treatment results from a mutation in or overexpression of a gene selected from the group consisting of sis (PDGF- β); trk; met; src; mos; protein kinase C β -1; ets-1; raf-1; Ha-ras; c-Fos; c-Jun; c-myc; Shc; Grb2; Sos; PLC $_{\gamma}$; and a gene encoding ERK1, ERK2, MEKK, MEK1, MEK2, MAPK, SAPK, MAP2, MAP4, TNF- α receptor, EGF receptor, PKC- α , PC-PLC, PKC- ϵ , an RTK, a TCR-CD3, an STMR, a PTKs, or a G protein.

9-10. (Withdrawn)

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein said antisense nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO:3.
- 12. (Currently amended) A method for reducing radiation or drug resistance of a human.cell.which overexpresses HER-2, said method comprising introducing into said cell an antisense nucleic acid comprising a segment complementary to HER-2 in an amount effective to reduce said radiation or drug resistance.



- 13. (Currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein said cell is a carcinoma cell selected from the group consisting of breast, bladder, prostate, head[,] and neck, lung, colon, pancreas, cervical, ovarian, melanoma and stomach carcinoma cells.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein said antisense nucleic acid is introduced by association with a targeted liposome.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein said antisense nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO:3.
- 16. (Original) A method for treating a person with a disease wherein said person is resistant to radiation or drug treatment of said disease, wherein resistance to said radiation or drug treatment is a result of overexpression of HER-2, said method comprising administering to said person an antisense nucleic acid comprising a segment complementary to HER-2 in an amount effective to decrease said resistance to radiation or drug treatment.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein said resistance to radiation or drug treatment results from a mutation in or overexpression of a gene selected from the group consisting of sis (PDGF- β); trk; met; src; mos; protein kinase C β -1; ets-1; raf-1; Ha-ras; c-Fos; c-Jun; c-myc; Shc; Grb2; Sos; PLC $_{\gamma}$; and a gene encoding ERK1, ERK2, MEKK, MEK1, MEK2, MAPK, SAPK, MAP2, MAP4, TNF- α receptor, EGF receptor, PKC- α , PC-PLC, PKC- ϵ , an RTK, a TCR-CD3, an STMR, a PTKs, or a G protein.



18-19. (Withdrawn)

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein said antisense nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO:3.
- 21. (New) The method of claim 5, wherein said targeted liposome comprises a complex of a ligand and a liposome comprising a mixture of a cationic lipid and a neutral lipid.
- 22. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein said liposome comprises a mixture of dioleoyltrimethylammonium-propane (DOTAP) and dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE).
- 23. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein said ligand comprises folate or transferrin.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 7, wherein said antisense nucleic acid is administered via a targeted liposome which comprises a complex of a ligand and a liposome comprising a mixture of a cationic lipid and a neutral lipid.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 24, wherein said liposome comprises a mixture of dioleoyltrimethylammonium-propane (DOTAP) and dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE).
- 26. (New) The method of claim 24, wherein said ligand comprises folate or transferrin.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein said targeted liposome comprises a complex of a ligand and a liposome comprising a mixture of a cationic lipid and a neutral lipid.

